

# **Statement of Verification**

BREG EN EPD No.: 000216

Issue 2

This is to verify that the

**Environmental Product Declaration** provided by:

**SAS** International

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for:

SAS 330 Mesh Tile System with Acoustic Inserts

# **Company Address**

Parc Crescent Waterton Industrial Estate Bridgend CF31 3XU



Laura Critien Signed for BRE Global Ltd Operator

13 November 2018

BRE/Global

**EPD** 

05 May 2020

Date of this Issue

12 November 2023

Expiry Date



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BRE Global Ltd., Garston, Watford WD25 9XX.

T: +44 (0)333 321 8811 F: +44 (0)1923 664603 E: Enquiries@breglobal.com



# **Environmental Product Declaration**

**EPD Number: 000216** 

### **General Information**

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules						
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013						
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool						
SAS International 31 Sutton Business Park Reading UK RG6 1AZ	BRE LINA Version 2.0.8						
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage						
1m <sup>2</sup> of SAS 330 mesh tile system with acoustic inserts	Manufacturer specific product average						
EPD Type	Background database						
Cradle to Gate with options	ecoinvent v3.2						
Demonstration of Verification							

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR a

Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 □Internal

> (Where appropriate <sup>b</sup>)Third party verifier: Kim Allbury

a: Product category rules

b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

### Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



#### Information modules covered

Product			Construction			Use stage  Related to the building fabric Related to the building				End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary			
A1	A2	А3	<b>A</b> 4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$													$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

### **Manufacturing site(s)**

SAS International Waterton Industrial Estate	
Bridgend	
South Wales	
UK	

### **Construction Product:**

#### **Product Description**

System 330 mesh tiles consist of powder coated expanded steel mesh formed into a tile which is compatible with various SAS sub-structure components. Acoustic inserts, made from various combinations and thicknesses of acoustic facings, insulation layers bonded together with adhesive. Expanded steel mesh tiles are available in round, square, diamond and hexagonal designs and offer between 45% to 63% open area to the tiles.

Standard System 330 mesh tiles modules are manufactured in the following sizes  $1200 \times 300$ mm,  $1200 \times 600$ mm,  $1500 \times 300$ mm,  $1500 \times 600$ mm,  $1800 \times 300$ mm,  $1800 \times 600$ mm,  $1800 \times 300$ mm

#### **Technical Information**

#### **Property**

System components are manufactured and tested in accordance with BS EN 13964:2014.

**Essential Characteristics** Performance:

Reaction to Fire: (up to) A2-S1-D0 European Reaction to Fire classification system (Euroclasses)

Release of Formaldehyde: CLASS E1 Release of Asbestos: NO CONTENT

Sound Absorption: (up to) Single Value  $\alpha \omega = 1.00$  class A

Durability: CLASS B



### **Main Product Contents**

The raw material quantities have been taken for all variations of the system and modelled as a single dataset. The main product contents listed below represent the average values derived from this dataset, with a weight of 4.523kg/m<sup>2</sup>

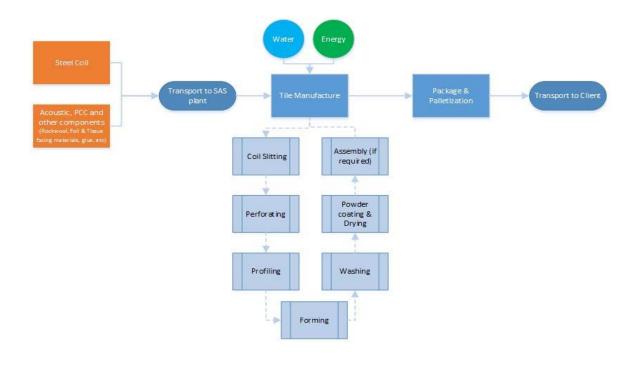
Material/Chemical Input	%
Steel	93%
Polyester Powder Coating	1%
Aluminium foil facing	2%
Acoustic insulation core	2.5%
Tissue facing	1.3%
Adhesive	0.2%

## **Manufacturing Process**

The Bridgend factory is split into two separate units; Unit 1 is where the tile systems are formed, including the addition of the various types of acoustic padding. Key Unit 1 processes include: slitting of the steel/aluminium coils, perforating, washing, spray coating and drying. These processes account for the most energy intensive stages of the products life cycle. Unit 2 is where the grid systems are rolled and formed; it houses less energy-intensive processes than Unit 1.

Process flow diagram

#### SAS Ceiling Steel Tile Manufacturing Process





# **Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules**

### **Declared / Functional unit description**

1m² of SAS 330 mesh tile system (4.523kg/m²) - Polyester powder coated expanded steel mesh tile and acoustic insert for use in ceiling applications. The product represented in this EPD is based on manufacturing data for all types of steel SAS 330 mesh tile with acoustic inserts systems made.

### System boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate with options LCA, reporting all production life cycle stages of modules A1 to A3, and end of life disposal module C4 in accordance with EN15804:2012+A1:2013.

### Data sources, quality and allocation

The supporting LCA study was carried out using BRE LINA v2.0.8 using manufacturer specific data provided by SAS International for the production period of the 12 months of 2017. Raw material quantities have been taken from recorded production/manufacture data and product geometry from the Syteline internal production system, for all variations of the SAS 330 mesh steel tile with acoustic inserts made in the 12 month period.

SAS International manufacture other products in addition to the System 330 mesh tiles so some allocation of primary data has been carried out. Since the manufacturing steps responsible for slitting, perforating and drying the coated metal are the most energy intensive processes of the site, it is assumed that the gas and electricity consumption is the same for every m² of metal product produced. This same allocation was applied to total site water usage. Production waste has been allocated to individual products by applying a percentage wastage rate (based on historical values and used for stock management) to each quantity of raw material. All packaging and non-production waste (waste packaging) has also been allocated using this methodology with applied percentage based on planned/estimated packaging and waste requirements for each product/system/components.

Secondary data has been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.34 and the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2. Upstream extraction and/or processing of inputs are included within the use of the background datasets within LINA. Emissions from fuels used are included within the relevant datasets.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

No inputs or outputs have been excluded and all raw materials, packaging and transport, energy, water use and wastes, are included, except for direct emissions to air, water and soil, which are not measured.



### **LCA Results**

Results per declared unit 1m² (4.523kg/m²) of this SAS 330 mesh tile system with acoustic inserts, for the declared modules can be found in the following

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
		GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF			
			kg CO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.		
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	1.74e+1	1.18e-6	1.57e-1	5.27e-2	1.32e-2	1.44e-3	2.52e+2		
	Transport	A2	9.13e-2	1.72e-8	3.12e-4	8.23e-5	6.27e-5	1.78e-7	1.42		
	Manufacturing	A3	5.34	5.57e-7	3.03e-2	7.53e-3	2.32e-3	1.00e-5	1.05e+2		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.28e+1	1.75e-6	1.88e-1	6.03e-2	1.56e-2	1.46e-3	3.58e+2		
	Disposal	C4	4.20e-2	2.40e-10	9.20e-6	2.04e-4	8.77e-6	1.82e-9	1.90e-2		

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone;

ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy											
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT			
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ			
	Raw material supply	A1	2.26e+1	2.96e-4	2.26e+1	2.96e+2	0	2.96e+2			
	Transport	A2	2.12e-2	5.82e-8	2.12e-2	1.41	0	1.41			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	2.36e+1	1.57e-5	2.36e+1	1.29e+2	0	1.29e+2			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	4.62e+1	3.12e-4	4.62e+1	4.26e+2	0	4.26e+2			
	Disposal	C4	1.56e-3	3.95e-9	1.56e-3	2.30e-2	0	2.30e-2			

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



# **LCA Results (continued)**

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water									
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW			
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³			
	Raw material supply	A1	0	0	0	3.01e-1			
	Transport	A2	0	0	0	3.27e-4			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0	0	0	3.35e-2			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	3.34e-1			
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	2.44e-5			

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

# **LCA Results (continued)**

Other environmental information describing waste categories									
			HWD	NHWD	RWD				
			kg	kg	kg				
	Raw material supply	A1	2.27	1.10	1.11e-3				
	Transport	A2	5.55e-4	1.11e-1	9.79e-6				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	2.30e-2	1.77e-1	6.00e-4				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.29	1.39	1.72e-3				
	Disposal	C4	2.65e-5	7.03e-2	1.74e-7				

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



### LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life									
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE			
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier			
	Raw material supply	A1	0	0	0	0			
	Transport	A2	0	0	0	0			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0	3.38e-1	0	0			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	3.38e-1	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	0	4.45	0	0			

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery;

EE = Exported Energy

### Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information									
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results						
C4 disposal at end of life	It is assumed that as the main element of the 330 mest valuable material, 100% of the product is recycled at 6 be disassembled back to core components/layers and facing as valuable material and is 100% recyclable via 100% of the mineral wool insulation core can be recyclasted that the adhesive bond will mainly remain or insulation when the layers are separated and will be dinsulation recycling process. Tissue facing material is significant volume is required to make it commercially that it would be sent to landfill at the end of life	end of life. Acoust then recycled. Al general recycling led via to manufanthe face of the alisposed of as par 100% recyclable,	ic inserts can luminium foil g streams. It is icoustic t of the however						

### References

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BSI. Environmental labels and declarations – Type III Environmental declarations – Principles and procedures. BS EN ISO 14025:2010 (exactly identical to ISO 14025:2006). London, BSI, 2010.

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