Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000439

Issue 01

BRE/Global

EPD

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by: Hempel A/S

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

anc

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: **1 kilogram of Hempadur Speed-Dry ZP 600 paint**

Company Address

HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark



Signed for BRE Global Ltd

16 August 2022

Date of First Issue

Emma Baker

16 August 2022 Date of this Issue

15 August 2027 Expiry Date



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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000439

General Information

nvironmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for II environmental product declaration of construction ts to EN 15804+A2 PN 514 Rev 3.0 consultant/Tool The Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology fton 19 - ES08018 Barcelona - Tel 933 093 404 ec.cat ro Version 9.1.1 by PRé Sustainability BV. cability/Coverage t Specific									
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Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) database CEPE Raw Material database v3.0									
Verification									
ves as the core PCR ^a									
data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External									
ss-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)									
ility									
Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for further guidance									
(Where appropriate ^b)Third party verifier: Pat Hermon a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, see Comparability Comparability Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant									

Information modules covered

	Product			Construction		Use stage Related to the building fabric					ted to uilding	End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
\checkmark	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	\checkmark										$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	\checkmark

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

The transport distances were adapted to the factory, specific transport distances for each provider were used for raw material transport. The manufacturing site included in this EPD is:

Hempel Paints (Poland) Sp. z o.o UI. Modrzewiowa 2, 64-320 Buk, Niepruszewo, Poland.

Construction Product:

Product Description

This EPD is representative for Hempadur Speed-Dry ZP 600.

The product is a self-priming, two-component high build epoxy paint containing zinc phosphate.

Hempadur Speed-Dry ZP 600 is suitable as a fast curing primer or intermediate coat in medium to severely corrosive environments, as a topcoat where the usual cosmetic performance of epoxy coatings is acceptable, as a single coat direct to metal in medium corrosive environments.

The product is recommended for infrastructure and civil structures.

Property	Value, Unit
Relative density	1.5 kg/l
Solids by volume	71 ± 2%
Dry film thickness	75 – 200 μm
Wet film thickness	110 – 290 μm
Theoretical spreading rate	9.4 – 3.5 m²/l
Coverage	0.16 – 0.42 kg/m²

Product Contents

The material composition of the declared mixed product:

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Material/Chemical Input	%
Filler	25 – 50
Binder	25 – 50
Pigments	< 20
Solvents	< 20
Additives	< 5

Manufacturing Process

The manufacturing process for coatings involves combining and mixing multiple chemicals and materials into a homogenous product, which is then packaged and distributed.

Process flow diagram



End of Life

Coatings are typically disposed of with the substrate they are painted on. This can be through recycling, incineration or landfill, but the coating itself is unlikely to be separated from the substrate during the disposal process.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1 kilogram of Hempadur Speed-Dry ZP 600 paint.

System boundary

The chosen system has been Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D, which means that the Life Cycle Assessment is contemplated from the manufacturing of the paints until they leave the factory, considering the end-of-life stage and the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary.

Data sources, quality and allocation

To carry out this study, 2021 (January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021) has been considered as the reference year.

The background databases are Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) Database for the general model and CEPE Raw Material database v3.0 for raw materials.

The quality of the data and the uncertainties associated with the inventories of each input are also analysed in accordance to Table E.1 of Annex E - Schemes to be applied for data quality assessment of generic and specific data of the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 standard.

Cut-off criteria

For the present analysis, more than 99% of the mass and energy inputs and outputs of the system have been considered, leaving out diffuse emissions in the factory and the production of manufacturing infrastructure such as industrial machinery and equipment. On the other hand, those suppliers or manufacturers of raw materials that supply less than 5% of the total raw material consumption have been omitted. The remaining suppliers have been adjusted proportionally to 100% to balance this deficit.

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LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated) Parameters describing environmental impacts

r al allietel S	describing e		mentai	impacts					
			GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	AP	EP- freshwate r
			kg CO₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H ⁺ eq	kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct store	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.41E+00	3.36E+00	5.03E-02	3.16E-04	1.82E-07	1.46E-02	4.47E-04
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	4.05E-03	4.05E-03	1.66E-06	3.21E-08	9.40E-10	8.01E-06	2.03E-08
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	1.14E-01	1.14E-01	9.03E-05	2.03E-06	9.56E-10	4.97E-05	6.58E-07
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total;

GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil; GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated) Parameters describing environmental impacts

rarameters describing environmental impacts											
			EP- marine	EP- terrestrial	POCP	ADP- mineral& metals	ADP- fossil	WDP	PM		
			kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m ³ world eq deprived	disease incidence		
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
F Toutet Stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.49E-03	2.91E-02	8.94E-03	6.25E-05	5.59E+01	2.67E+01	2.39E-07		
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
End of life	Transport	C2	1.33E-06	1.48E-05	5.25E-06	2.39E-10	5.74E-02	-1.26E-05	2.33E-10		
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Disposal	C4	2.06E-05	2.24E-04	8.72E-05	2.53E-09	7.16E-02	1.85E-04	1.22E-09		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment;

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone;

ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and PM = Particulate matter.

LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated) Parameters describing environmental impacts

			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP
			kBq U ²³⁵ eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
FIDUUCI Slage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	4.50E-01	2.10E+02	3.02E-09	1.24E-07	1.11E+01
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	2.58E-04	2.31E-02	3.01E-13	3.61E-11	1.43E-04
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	4.38E-04	6.52E-02	7.12E-12	8.43E-11	1.76E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; HTP-nc = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and SQP = Potential soil quality index.

LCA Results (continued)

Parameters	<u> </u>		PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			PERE	PERM	PERI	PENRE	PENRM	PENRI
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.52E+00	8.91E-01	4.41E+00	6.00E+01	5.74E-01	6.06E+01
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	8.03E-05	0	8.03E-05	6.10E-02	0	6.10E-02
	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	1.84E-03	0	1.84E-03	7.60E-02	0	7.60E-02
Potential benefits and bads beyond he system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water										
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW				
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m ³				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Trouble stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	6.23E-01				
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND				
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0				
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	8.60E-08				
	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0				
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	9.51E-06				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0				

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

 $\label{eq:NRSF} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{NRSF} = \mbox{Use of non-renewable secondary fuels}; \\ \mbox{FW} = \mbox{Net use of fresh water} \end{array}$

LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories									
			HWD	NHWD	RWD				
			kg	kg	kg				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Desident at an	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.52E-02	1.76E-01	6.42E-05				
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND				
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0				
	Transport	C2	1.52E-07	3.06E-06	4.16E-07				
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0				
	Disposal	C4	1.51E-07	1.00E+00	4.54E-07				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0				

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life											
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)			
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C			
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1 -3	0	8.05E-02	0	0	0	0			
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0			
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0			

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information			
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results
A4 – Transport to the building site	Module not declared	·	
A5 – Installation in the building	Module not declared		
B2 – Maintenance	Module not declared		
B3 – Repair	Module not declared		
B4 – Replacement	Module not declared		
B5 – Refurbishment	Module not declared		
Reference service life	Module not declared		
B6 – Use of energy; B7 – Use of water	Module not declared		
C1 to C4 End of life,	Waste for final disposal: Landfill	%	100
	Transport to waste processing: Truck, fuel consumption	kgkm	3.66E-05
	Transport to waste processing: Distance	km	30
	Transport to waste processing: Capacity utilisation	%	85
Module D	Module declared		

Interpretation

The results displayed in Figure 1 apply to 1 kilogram of Hempadur Speed-Dry ZP 600 paint. It illustrates the relative contributions of the different modules assessed to various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use. Most impacts relate to the raw materials that compose the paint (included in Module A1-A3).

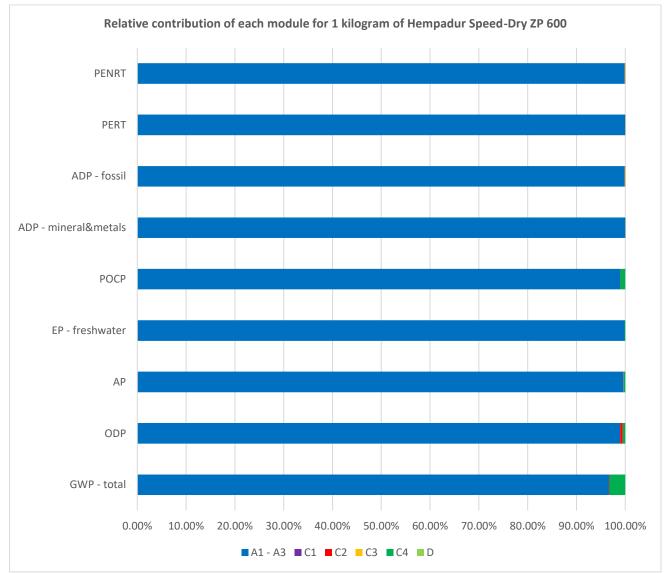


Figure 1: Relative contribution of each module for 1 kilogram of Hempadur Speed-Dry ZP 600 paint.

Raw material manufacturing and transport (43%), packaging (55%) and consumption (2%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials and its transport (91%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to fuel consumption and product packaging) measures 9%. The pre-product manufacturing (raw materials and its distribution) is the main contributor in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 with an average of 74%.

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