# **Statement of Verification**

BREG EN EPD No.: 000401

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by: HEMPEL A/S

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

and

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: **1 kilogram of Hemudur 18500 paint** 

### **Company Address**

Lundtoftegårdsvej 90 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark





**BRE/Global** 

EPD

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Emma Baker

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# **Environmental Product Declaration**

# EPD Number: 000401

### **General Information**

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804+A2 PN 514 Rev 3.0
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool
HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 90 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark	ITeC - The Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology Wellington 19 - ES08018 Barcelona - Tel 933 093 404 www.itec.cat
	SimaPro Version 9.1.1 by PRé Sustainability BV.
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage
1 kilogram of Hemudur 18500 paint	Product Specific
ЕРД Туре	Background database
Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D	Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) database.
Demonstr	ation of Verification
CEN standard EN 1	5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>

Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 Internal ⊠ External

(Where appropriate <sup>b</sup>)Third party verifier:

Pat Hermon

a: Product category rules

b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

#### Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for further guidance

#### Information modules covered

I	Product			ruction	Use stage Related to the building fabric Related the building fabric					End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary			
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	V	V										Ŋ	V	V	V	$\checkmark$

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

#### Manufacturing site(s)

The transport distances were adapted to the factory, specific transport distances for each provider were used for raw material transport. The manufacturing site included in this EPD is:

Hempel (Portugal) S.A. Vale de Cantadores, 2954-002 Palmela, Portugal

### **Construction Product:**

#### **Product Description**

This EPD is representative for Hemudur 18500.

The product is a waterborne two-component, polyamine cured, epoxy primer containing zinc phosphate as corrosion inhibiting pigment. It cures to a strong and rust-preventing coat. Suitable as a general purpose primer on steel constructions.

Hemudur 18500 is recommended for civil structures, infrastructure, oil and gas industry, wind energy industry, port equipment and rail cars.

#### **Technical Information**

Property	Value, Unit
Relative density	1.4 kg/l
Solids by volume	50 ± 2%
Dry film thickness	50 – 120 μm
Wet film thickness	100 – 230 μm
Theoretical spreading rate	10 – 4.2 m²/l
Coverage	0.14 – 0.34 kg/m²

### **Product Contents**

The material composition of the declared mixed product:

Material/Chemical Input	%
Filler	< 25
Binder	25 – 50
Pigments	< 10
Water	25 – 50
Additives	< 2

#### **Manufacturing Process**

The manufacturing process for coatings involves combining and mixing multiple chemicals and materials into a homogenous product, which is then packaged and distributed. The manufacturing processes for each of the products are identical.

#### **Process flow diagram**



### End of Life

Coatings are typically disposed of with the substrate they are painted on. This can be through recycling, incineration or landfill, but the coating itself is unlikely to be separated from the substrate during the disposal process.

# Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

#### **Declared / Functional unit description**

1 kilogram of Hemudur 18500 paint.

#### **System boundary**

The chosen system has been Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D, which means that the Life Cycle Assessment is contemplated from the manufacturing of the paints until they leave the factory, considering the end-of-life stage and the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary.

#### Data sources, quality and allocation

To carry out this study, 2020 (January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020) has been considered as the reference year.

The background database is Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) Database.

The quality of the data and the uncertainties associated with the inventories of each input are also analysed in accordance to Table E.1 of Annex E - Schemes to be applied for data quality assessment of generic and specific data of the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 standard.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

For the present analysis, more than 99% of the mass and energy inputs and outputs of the system have been considered, leaving out diffuse emissions in the factory and the production of manufacturing infrastructure such as industrial machinery and equipment. On the other hand, those suppliers or manufacturers of raw materials that supply less than 5% of the total raw material consumption have been omitted. The remaining suppliers have been adjusted proportionally to 100% to balance this deficit.

### **LCA Results**

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	AP	EP- freshwate r		
			kg CO₂ eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO₂ eq	kg CO₂ eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H⁺ eq	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq		
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
i loudet stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.99E+00	1.97E+00	2.08E-02	1.18E-03	5.19E-07	8.73E-03	5.86E-04		
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
End of life	Transport	C2	4.05E-03	4.05E-03	1.66E-06	3.21E-08	9.40E-10	8.01E-06	2.03E-08		
	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Disposal	C4	1.14E-01	1.14E-01	9.03E-05	2.03E-06	9.56E-10	4.97E-05	6.58E-07		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Parameters describing environmental impacts

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total;

GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil; GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic;

GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

#### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental	impacts					
			EP- marine	EP- terrestrial	POCP	ADP- mineral& metals	ADP- fossil	WDP	РМ
			kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	disease incidence
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Flouuci stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.65E-03	1.65E-02	9.88E-03	2.05E-05	3.89E+01	1.06E+00	9.47E-08
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	1.33E-06	1.48E-05	5.25E-06	2.39E-10	5.74E-02	-1.26E-05	2.33E-10
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	2.06E-05	2.24E-04	8.72E-05	2.53E-09	7.16E-02	1.85E-04	1.22E-09
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment;

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone;

ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and PM = Particulate matter.

#### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	nviro	nmental imp	acts			
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP
			kBq U <sup>235</sup> eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct store	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.31E-01	4.66E+01	4.46E-09	7.11E-08	8.79E+00
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	2.58E-04	2.31E-02	3.01E-13	3.61E-11	1.43E-04
End of life	Waste processing	С3	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	4.38E-04	6.52E-02	7.12E-12	8.43E-11	1.76E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans;  $\label{eq:HTP-nc} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{HTP-nc} = \mbox{Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and} \\ \mbox{SQP} = \mbox{Potential soil quality index.} \end{array}$ 

#### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters	describing r	esour	ce use, pri	imary ener	gy			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Des dust stars	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.17E+00	7.14E-01	2.88E+00	4.16E+01	8.78E-01	4.25E+01
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	8.03E-05	0	8.03E-05	6.10E-02	0	6.10E-02
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	1.84E-03	0	1.84E-03	7.60E-02	0	7.60E-02
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

### LCA Results (continued)

	describing res					
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	2.69E-02
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	8.60E-08
	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	9.51E-06
Potential enefits and bads beyond ne system oundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

### LCA Results (continued)

Other enviro	nmental info	rmatic	on describing waste cate	egories	
			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	4.03E-02	3.94E-01	7.00E-05
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	1.52E-07	3.06E-06	4.16E-07
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	1.51E-07	1.00E+00	4.54E-07
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

### LCA Results (continued)

				ionig output				
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1 -3	0	7.65E-02	0	0	0	0
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
-	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling

MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

## Scenarios and additional technical information

### Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information			
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results
A4 – Transport to the building site	Module not declared		
A5 – Installation in the building	Module not declared		
B2 – Maintenance	Module not declared		
B3 – Repair	Module not declared		
B4 – Replacement	Module not declared		
B5 – Refurbishment	Module not declared		
Reference service life	Module not declared		
B6 – Use of energy; B7 – Use of water	Module not declared		
C1 to C4 End of life,	Waste for final disposal: Landfill	%	100
	Transport to waste processing: Truck, fuel consumption	kgkm	3.66E-05
	Transport to waste processing: Distance	km	30
	Transport to waste processing: Capacity utilisation	%	85
Module D	Module declared		

### Interpretation

The results displayed in Figure 1 apply to 1 kilogram of Hemudur 18500 paint. It illustrates the relative contributions of the different modules assessed to various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use. Most impacts relate to the raw materials that compose the paint (included in Module A1-A3).

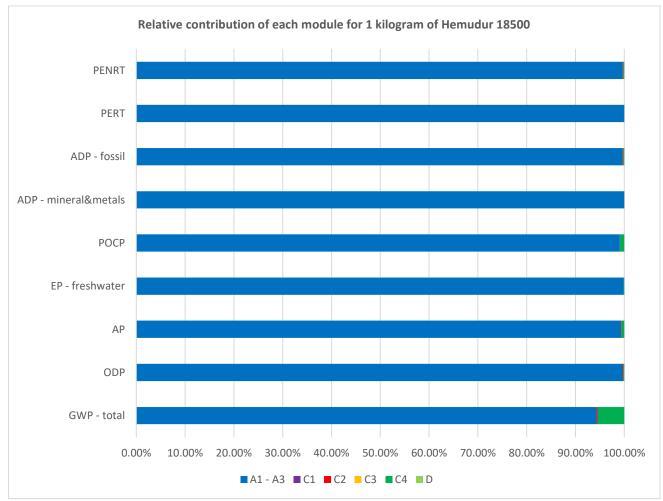


Figure 1: Relative contribution of each module for 1 kilogram of Hemudur 18500 paint.

Raw material manufacturing and transport (18%), packaging (70%) and consumption (12%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials and its transport (78%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to fuel consumption and product packaging) measures 22%. The pre-product manufacturing (raw materials and its distribution) is the main contributor in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 with an average of 61%.

### References

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