

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000525 Issue 01

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

HEMPEL A/S

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for:

1 kilogram of Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) paint

Company Address

HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark





25 September 2023

BRE/Global

Emma Baker

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Operator

24 September 2028

Expiry Date

25 September 2023

Date of this Issue

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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000525

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804+A2 PN 514 Rev 3.0.
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool
HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark	ITeC - The Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology Wellington 19 - ES08018 Barcelona - Tel +34 933 093 404 www.itec.cat
	SimaPro Version 9.1.1 by PRé Sustainability BV.
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage
1 kilogram of Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) paint	Product Specific
EPD Type	Background database
Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D	Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) database CEPE Raw Material database v3.0
Demonstra	tion of Verification
CEN standard EN 15	5804 serves as the core PCR ^a
Independent verification of the declara	ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External
	riate ^b)Third party verifier: ² at Hermon
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory	for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for further guidance



Information modules covered

	Droduo	.+	Const	ruotion		Use stage						End-of-life				Benefits and loads beyond
Product			Construction		Rel	Related to the building fabric Related the building fabric					End-of-life			the system boundary		
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	\square	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$										$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	\square	\square	\square

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

The transport distances were adapted to the factory, specific transport distances for each provider were used for raw material transport. The manufacturing sites included in this EPD are:

Hempel Paints (Emirates) L.L.C Interchange No. 08, Sajja Area, Plot No 698/G Al Dhaid Road, P.O.Box 2000, Shariah, United Arab Emirates. Hempel Paints (Qatar) W.L.L. Industrial Area, Street #16, Gate no # 212. P.O. Box 3484, Doha. Qatar

Construction Product:

Product Description

This EPD is representative for Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350).

Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) is a two-component, solvent-free high build epoxy primer. It ensures very good adhesion on most concrete floors in atmospheric environments only. The declared product is specially designed as a primer for all concrete surfaces and ensures bond between Hempafloor topcoats and the substrate particularly when surface preparation is mandatory.

Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) has good penetration properties, low odour, high mechanical properties, is easy to use and can be applied by brush or roller.

Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) is recommended for walkways, parking bays, ramps and for traffic deck systems for heavy duty traffic areas in warehouses, factories, laboratories, hospitals, kitchens, high tech manufacturing facilities, and for different types of industrial floors. This product, when used with Anti-Slint aggregates, is suitable for filling and repairing of cracks, undulations and surface imperfections of floors.

Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit
Relative density	1.1 kg/l
Solids by volume	100 ± 0%
Dry film thickness	100 – 150 μm



Property	Value, Unit
Wet film thickness	100 - 150 μm
Theoretical spreading rate	10 – 6.6 m²/l
Coverage	0.11 – 0.17 kg/m²

Product Contents

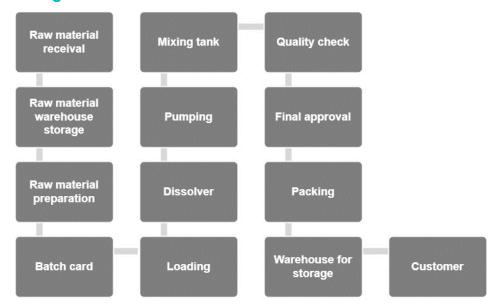
The material composition of the declared mixed product:

Material/Chemical Input	%
Binder	<100
Additives	<1

Manufacturing Process

The manufacturing process for coatings involves combining and mixing multiple chemicals and materials into a homogenous product, which is then packaged and distributed.

Process flow diagram



End of Life

Coatings are typically disposed of with the substrate they are painted on. This can be through recycling, incineration or landfill, but the coating itself is unlikely to be separated from the substrate during the disposal process.



Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1 kilogram of Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) paint

System boundary

The chosen system has been Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D, which means that the Life Cycle Assessment is contemplated from the manufacturing of the paints until they leave the factory, considering the end-of-life stage and the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary.

Data sources, quality and allocation

To carry out this study, the time period October, 2021 - September, 2022 has been considered as the reference year.

The background databases are Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) Database for the general model and CEPE Raw Material database v3.0 for raw materials. For electricity, the consumption electricity mixes from Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) of the United Arab Emirates (0,535 kgCO2e/kWh) and Qatar (0,524 kgCO2e/kWh) have been used for Hempel's manufacturing sites in Sharjah (Emirates) and Doha (Qatar).

The quality of the data and the uncertainties associated with the inventories of each input are also analysed in accordance to Table E.1 of Annex E - Schemes to be applied for data quality assessment of generic and specific data of the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 standard.

Cut-off criteria

For the present analysis, more than 99% of the mass and energy inputs and outputs of the system have been considered, leaving out diffuse emissions in the factory and the production of manufacturing infrastructure such as industrial machinery and equipment. On the other hand, those suppliers or manufacturers of raw materials that supply less than 5% of the total raw material consumption have been omitted. The remaining suppliers have been adjusted proportionally to 100% to balance this deficit.



LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	АР	EP- freshwate r		
			kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H ⁺ eq	kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq		
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	8,08E+00	8,07E+00	3,33E-03	3,35E-04	1,93E-07	2,96E-02	9,88E-04		
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
E - 1 - 61%	Transport	C2	4,14E-03	4.14E-03	1.47E-06	5.14E-08	9.36E-10	8.62E-06	8.09E-08		
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Disposal	C4	1,14E-01	1.14E-01	1.20E-04	2.16E-06	9.54E-10	5.01E-05	6.47E-07		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total; GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil; GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment



(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			EP- marine	EP- terrestrial	POCP	ADP- mineral& metals	ADP- fossil	WDP	PM			
	_		kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m³ world eq deprived	disease incidence			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	5,51E-03	5,87E-02	2,36E-02	1,18E-05	1,33E+02	1,07E+01	6,62E-07			
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Transport	C2	1.46E-06	1.62E-05	5.59E-06	1.26E-9	5.83E-02	1.93E-05	2.34E-10			
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	2.07E-05	2.25E-04	8.75E-05	2.57E-09	7.18E-02	1.90E-04	1.25E-09			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment;

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and $PM = Particulate\ matter.$



(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP					
			kBq U ²³⁵ eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless					
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG					
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG					
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG					
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2,21E-01	5,58E+02	1,11E-08	1,25E-07	1,00E+01					
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND					
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0					
	Transport	C2	2.53E-04	2.63E-02	3.23E-13	3.71E-11	2.80E-04					
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0					
	Disposal	C4	4.07E-04	8.31E-02	7.28E-12	8.55E-11	1.75E-01					
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0					

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; HTP-nc = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and SQP = Potential soil quality index.



Parameters describing resource use, primary energy											
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT			
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Troduct stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3,07E+00	1,14E-01	3,19E+00	1,43E+02	4,28E-01	1,44E+02			
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0			
End of life	Transport	C2	7.07E-05	0	7.07E-05	6.18E-02	0	6.18E-02			
Life of file	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	1.72E-03	0	1.72E-03	7.63E-02	0	7.63E-02			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0			

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;
PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water										
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW				
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Toduct stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	2,51E-01				
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND				
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	ВЗ	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0				
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	1.35E-06				
LING OF MIC	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0				
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	8.95E-06				
Potential penefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0				

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water



Other enviro	nmental info	rmatic	on describing waste cate	egories	
			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
Troduct stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	9,78E-03	2,39E-01	7,49E-05
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	1.57E-07	1.58E-05	4.13E-07
LIIG OI IIIE	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	1.51E-07	1.00E+00	4.46E-07
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life												
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)				
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1 -3	0	1,92E-02	0	0	0	0				
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0				
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Liiu oi iiie	Waste processing	С3	0	0	0	0	0	0				
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0				

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information			
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results
A4 – Transport to the building site	Module not declared		
A5 – Installation in the building	Module not declared		
B2 – Maintenance	Module not declared		
B3 – Repair	Module not declared		
B4 – Replacement	Module not declared		
B5 – Refurbishment	Module not declared		
Reference service life	Module not declared		
B6 – Use of energy; B7 – Use of water	Module not declared		
C1 to C4 End of life,	Waste for final disposal: Landfill	%	100
	Transport to waste processing: Truck, fuel consumption	kgkm	3.66E-05
	Transport to waste processing: Distance	km	30
	Transport to waste processing: Capacity utilisation	%	85
Module D	Module declared		



Interpretation

The results displayed in Figure 1 apply to 1 kilogram of Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) paint. It illustrates the relative contributions of the different modules assessed to various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use. Most impacts relate to the raw materials that compose the paint (included in Module A1-A3).

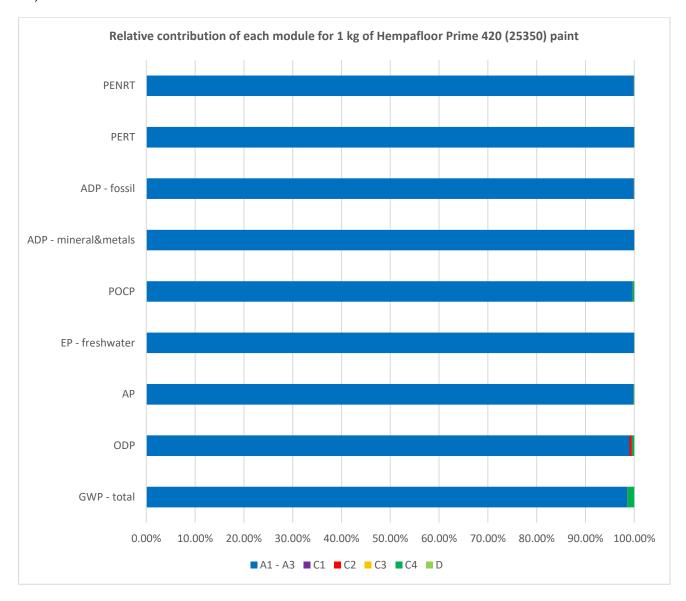


Figure 1: Relative contribution of each module for 1 kilogram of Hempafloor Prime 420 (25350) paint.

Raw material manufacturing and transport (67.77%), packaging (32.20%) and consumption (0.03%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials and its transport (93.93%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to fuel consumption and product packaging) measures 6.07%. The pre-product manufacturing (raw materials and its distribution) is the main contributor in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 with an average of 76.32%.



References

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Life Cycle Assessment: Hempafloor Prime 420 - 25350. LCA report by The Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology (ITeC), 2023.