# **Statement of Verification**

BREG EN EPD No.: 000176 ECO EPD Ref. No. 00000646 Issue 02

This is to verify that the

# Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

Sika Services AG

is in accordance with the requirements of:

# EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

**BRE Global Scheme Document SD207** 

This declaration is for: Sikafill®-400

## **Company Address**

Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich



BRE/Global

EPD

18



BUILDING TRUST

Signed for BRE Global Ltd

Emma Baker Operator 14 April 2023 Date of this Issue

Expiry Date

31 January 2025

02 February 2017 Date of First Issue

BRE/Global Verified EPD

This Statement of Verification is issued subject to terms and conditions (for details visit <u>www.greenbooklive.com/terms</u>. To check the validity of this statement of verification please, visit

www.greenbooklive.com/check or contact us. BRE Global Ltd., Garston, Watford WD25 9XX. T: +44 (0)333 321 8811 F: +44 (0)1923 664603 E: Enquiries@breglobal.com



# **Environmental Product Declaration**

# EPD Number: 000176

## **General Information**

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules					
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013					
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool					
Sika Services AG Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich	Sika Services AG Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich					
www.sika.com/sustainability	www.sika.com/sustainability					
	GaBi Version 7.3.3, Databases 2017 Edition					
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage					
This declaration is for Sikafill®-400 - 1m <sup>2</sup> installed system for a reference service life of 10 years.	Other (please specify). Product specific, multi-site					
EPD Type	Background database					
Cradle to Gate with options	GaBi					
Demonstra	tion of Verification					
CEN standard EN 15	804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>					
Independent verification of the declara	ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External					
(Where appropr K	iate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: (im Allbury					
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory	for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)					
Comparability						
Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance						

EPD Number: 000176 BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.0 Date of Issue:14 April 2023 Page 2 of 13

#### Information modules covered

						Use stage										Benefits and loads bevond
ŀ	Produc	t	Const	ruction	Related to the building fabric Related to the building			Related to t		ed to uilding	End-of-life			the system boundary		
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	V	V	V								V	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

#### **Manufacturing sites**

Multi-site for specific Sikafill®-400 produced by Sika in the following countries:

Argentina - Buenos Aires, Bahrain – Manama, Colombia – Tocancipá, Indonesia – Bogor, Malaysia – Nilai, Mexico – Queretaro, Peru - Lima, Turkey – Istanbul, Spain – Alcobendas. The multi-site is a mathematical average of production and formulation data of the countries mentioned above.

### **Construction Product:**

#### **Product Description**

Sikafill®-400 is a cold-applied, UV-stable and highly reflective water-based waterproofing system. It is applied to enhance surface appearance and to reduce cooling and overall energy consumption in conditioned buildings. It conforms with LEED® v2009/ v4 requirements and the attested initial SRI of 106 and three-year aged SRI of 90 exceed the cool roof requirements of LEED®. Furthermore, it cures to form seamless, durable and weather resistant waterproofing solution for the exposed roof areas.

The results in this EDP refer to the standard 1.0 mm system, consisting of an embedment layer of 1 L/m<sup>2</sup> and Sika® Reemat Premium reinforcement, and a top coat of  $0.55 \text{ L/m}^2$ .

#### **Technical Information**

Property		Value, Unit				
Tensile Strength as per DIN 53504	Not reinforced Reinforced with Sikalastic® Fleece-120 Reinforced with Sika® Reemat Premium	~1.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ~12 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ~4-5 N/mm <sup>2</sup>				
Elongation at break as per DIN 53504	~350 % ~40-60 % ~70-80 %					
Solar reflectance as per AS	TM C 1549	0.821)				
Thermal Emittance as per A	STM E 408	0.931)				
Solar Reflectance Index as	per ASTM E 1980	106 <sup>1)</sup>				
Service Temperature	With Fleece Without Fleece	-10 °C min. / +80 °C max. -5 °C min. / +80 °C max.				
<sup>1)</sup> All values refer to the initial (properly cured, non-weathered) status of Sikafill®-400 white						

EPD Number: 000176 BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.0 Date of Issue:14 April 2023 Page 3 of 13

### **Main Product Contents**

Material/Chemical Input	%
Polymers	40 - 60
Plasticizer	< 1
Additives	< 5
Pigments	5 - 15
Solvent	10 - 20
Fillers	10 - 30

#### **Manufacturing Process**

Two or three shaft mixer-dispersers are used to manufacture this product (Anchor blade with scrappers, disperser shaft and shaft with screw blade whether it is available). The batch Size can be between 1.600 to 2.400 kg or between 6.000 to 9.000 kg, depending on the disperser used.

First, the polymer dispersion is automatically added from the Raw material tanks choosing the correct formulation from ERP system. Then, the other liquid raw materials are added by hand or using a manual pneumatic pump. The powder raw materials (fillers) are added in automatic by a worm drive system. In order to avoid problems with the product and the packaging, it is recommended to cool the disperser since this moment (the disperser has a cooling jacket). Finally, the rest of the raw materials are added manually. The standard time to manufacture a batch is 2 to 2.5 hours. Every batch is QC tested, both in process and on completion in accordance with formal control specifications. Plastic or metal pails are filled using a semi-automatic gravimetric filling unit.

#### **Process flow diagram**



Date of Issue:14 April 2023 Page 4 of 13

#### **Construction Installation**

The Sikafill®-400 is a single pack acrylic polyurethane hybrid coating that is cold applied on site; it cures to provide completely seamless waterproofing protection with an aesthetically pleasing finish. The product is available in a range of colors. The membrane can be reinforced if need it, with glass fiber mat, which is easily molded around detail areas allowing speed of application on complex roofs.

#### **Use Information**

During the service life of the membrane system there is no ordinary maintenance, repair/refurbishment or replacement required, if it is correctly and properly applied. Therefore no scenario for the use phase and maintenance is defined.

#### End of Life

When the Sikafill®-400 reaches the end of its life, the system may be primed and further material applied. At the end of its service life, the building is demolished, and as the membrane systems are attached to the substrate it is generally taken to landfill. The demolition process concerns mainly the structure of which the membrane system is a minor part. Therefore, for this stage no other steps are considered necessary except for the transportation to landfill and landfilling.

### Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

#### **Declared / Functional unit description**

1 m<sup>2</sup> installed system for a reference service life of 10 years.

#### System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to gate with options EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), and end-of-life stage (C1-C4).

#### Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from a multi-site average which covers all major sites and includes the plants at Argentina, Bahrain, Colombia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Mexico, Peru, Turkey and Spain for 2016. The multi-site average is a mathematical average of all the countries data, production and formulation. Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software Version 7.3.3 with Database 2017 and ecoinvent Version 3.3. The model is created for the multi-site average and a global electricity dataset is used in it. All datasets are less than 6 years old.

Benefits from incineration and landfilling of product losses and for the disposal of packaging are credited in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not taken into account in the LCA.

### **LCA Results**

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts										
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF	
	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO₂ equiv.	kg (PO₄) <sup>3-</sup> equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	
1 Touter stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.37	1.76E-07	1.36E-02	5.29E-03	1.42E-03	5.50E-05	42.3	
Construction	Transport	A4	9.55E-02	3.20E-14	4.45E-04	1.10E-04	4.07E-05	7.67E-09	1.32	
process stage	Construction	A5	2.44	1.76E-8	2.04E-03	2.63E-03	9.53E-03	5.53E-06	6.30	
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
End of life	Transport	C2	3.21E-02	5.26E-16	1.43E-04	3.67E-05	1.19E-05	1.26E-10	2.17E-2	
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Disposal	C4	6.53E-01	8.18E-14	3.45E-04	3.94E-05	2.24E-05	1.05E-07	6.82E-01	
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-3.51E-01	-2.24E-09	-9.82E-04	-1.04E-03	-9.67E-05	-1.96E-07	-6.48	

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential; AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

# hre

### L

CA Result	s (continue	d)						
Parameters	describing r	esour	ce use, pr	imary ener	gy			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct stores	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	PENRE PEI   MJ M   AGG AG   MND M   MO M <td>AGG</td> <td>AGG</td>	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.17	2.55E-01	4.15	1.33E+01	3.18E+01	4.51E+01
Total (of product stage)A1-33.172.55Construction brocess stageTransportA401ConstructionA53.17E-019.74UseB1MNDMMaintenanceB2MNDMRepairB3MNDMHeplacementB4MNDM	Transport	A4	0	0	6.64E-02	0	0	1.32
	9.74E-02	0.57	0.69	10.24	6.65			
UseB1MNDMaintenanceB2MNDRepairB3MNDReplacementB4MND	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Jse stage	ManufacturingA3AGG<	MND	MND					
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	0.570.69MNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMNDMND	MND	MND	
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND MND MND MND MND MND MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	0	0	1.09E-3	0	0	2.17E-2
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	1.14E-01	0	0	7.30E-01
Potential benefits and oads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	-3.14	0	0	-8.28

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

the system boundaries

### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water									
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW			
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup>			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
FTOULCE Stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	4.30E-02			
Construction	Transport	A4	0	0	0	1.23E-04			
process stage	Construction	A5	0	0	0	4.71E-03			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0			
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	2.02E6			
	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	1.61E-03			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	-2.56E-3			

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

### LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories							
			HWD	NHWD	RWD		
			kg	kg	kg		
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Droduct store	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG		
FTOULCE Stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.04E-06	1.01E-01	1.64E-04		
Construction	Transport	A4	6.95E-08	1.01E-04	1.80E-06		
process stage	Construction	A5	2.30E-07	1.76	4.52E-05		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0		
End of life	Transport	C2	1.14E-09	1.66E-06	2.98E-08		
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0		
	Disposal	C4	8.82E-09	2.17	1.88E-05		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-2.22E-09	-3.40E-03	-7.02E-04		

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

### LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life									
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE			
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Droduct store	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	0			
Construction	Transport	A4	0	0	0	0			
process stage	Construction	A5	0	0	0	1.062			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0			
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	0			
	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	4.05			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0			

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

## Scenarios and additional technical information

#### Scenarios and additional technical information Scenario Parameter Units Results L/km Truck 0.000051 700 Distance: km A4 - Transport to the building site % 85 Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns) 1340 Bulk density of transported products kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ancillary materials for installation: Sika® Reemat kg/m<sup>2</sup> 0.225 Premium reinforcement Ancillary materials for installation: Overlap % 9 A5 - Installation in reinforcement the building % 10 Waste materials from installation wastage: Losses Direct emission to air, soil and water: VOC kg/m<sup>2</sup> 0.102 B2 – Maintenance Module not declared MND MND B3 - Repair Module not declared MND MND Module not declared MND **B4** – Replacement MND B5 – Module not declared MND MND Refurbishment The reference service life of Sikafill®-400 **Reference** service membranes is a stated by the ETA Certificate 10 years 12/0308. The provisions made in this ETA are based life on an expected working life of 10 years. B6 – Use of energy; B7 – Use Module not declared MND MND of water % Waste for final disposal: Landfill 100 Transport to waste processing: Truck, fuel L/km 0.000051 consumption C1 to C4 Transport to waste processing: Distance km 700 End of life Transport to waste processing: Capacity utilisation % 85 Transport to waste processing: Density of product kg/m3 1340 The benefits from incineration of waste produced during installation are credited in Module D – Reuse Module D as avoided generation of electricity and thermal energy, since in modern / Recovery / incineration plants the energy of combustion is used to produce power and thermal **Recycling Potential** energy. The partial reuse of pallets from packaging is also included in Module D as

avoided production of new pallets.

### Interpretation

The Figure 1 shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis. It is clear that most impacts come from Module A1-3, though the installation of the system (A5) also contributes, due to the impacts from the membrane's application (the VOC emissions are visible for POCP - Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential), from the production of the reinforcement (especially for ADPE - Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements) and due to the disposal of waste to landfill (contributing to GWP - Global Warming Potential). For this reason, the Product Stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation.



#### Relative contribution of each module for 1m<sup>2</sup> Sikafill<sup>®</sup>-400

#### Energy resource use

Pre-product manufacturing (64%) and packaging (36%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials (95%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to electricity consumption) measures 0.005%.

#### **Environmental impacts**

The dominant influence in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 comes from pre-product manufacturing, with at least 93% in each case. Within pre-product manufacturing, polymers play an important role regarding Global Warming Potential (GWP), Acidification Potential (AP), Eutrophication Potential (EP), Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP), Abiotic Depletion Fossil (ADPF) and Ozone Layer Depletion Creation Potential (ODP), all with values above 83%. The thickeners contribute the most (75%) to Abiotic Depletion Elements (ADPE).

The polymer is the raw material with the greatest effect on the impacts and it has also the greatest percentage by mass of the system. The pigments partake in the impacts to GWP and ADPF with 10% and 11%, respectively.

The packaging materials contribute mostly to EP (17%) The solvents, preservatives and other additives contribution are not significant.

EPD Number: 000176 BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.0 Date of Issue:14 April 2023 Page 12 of 13 Expiry Date 31 January 2025 © BRE Global Ltd, 2017

The display results in Figure 1 apply to Sikafill®-400 standard system with 3 layers/1.0 mm. To calculate results for other systems (1 layer/0.3 mm, 2 layers/0.5 mm and 4 layers/1.3 mm), please use the following equation:  $Impact_x = (x - 0.1496) / 0.8504 * Impact_SCR_{1.0}$  (Eq.1)

Where:

Impact\_x = unknow parameter value for Sikafill®-400 systems (e.g. 0.3, 0.5, 1.3 mm) Impact\_SCR\_1.0 = impacts for Sikafill®-400 system with 3 layers/1.0 mm, presented in this EPD

### References

BSI. Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products. BS EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. London, BSI, 2013.

BSI. Environmental labels and declarations – Type III Environmental declarations – Principles and procedures. BS EN ISO 14025:2010 (exactly identical to ISO 14025:2006). London, BSI, 2010.

BSI. Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework. BS EN ISO 14040:2006. London, BSI, 2006.

BSI. Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – requirements and guidelines. BS EN ISO 14044:2006. London, BSI, 2006.

BRE Global. BRE Environmental Profiles 2013: Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. PN 514. Watford, BRE, 2014.

thinkstep; GaBi 7.3.3: Software-System and Databases for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Echterdingen, 1992-2017.

ecoinvent Version 3.3: Database for Life Cycle Assessment. Swiss Centre for Life Cycle Inventories (ecoinvent Centre), 2016.

European Technical Approval, N° ETA 12/0308. Liquid Applied Roof Waterproofing Kits "Sikalastic®-560". Authorised and notified according to Article 10 of the Council Directive of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, Regulations and administrative Provisions of Member States relating to construction products (89/106/EEC). Holder of approval: Sika, S.A. Spain, 2015.

Product Data Sheet, Sikalastic®-560. April 2017, Version 03.0, 020915151000000004. Sika Services AG, Tüffenwies 16, 8048 Zürich. www.sika.com.

Cool Roof Rating Council, Notification of Product Rating: Solar Reflectance and Thermal Emittance. Sikalastic®-560 white, Related Product ID 0674-0024, 2015.

Cool Roof Rating Council, CRRC-F13 Aged Test Results Report. Sikalastic®-560 white, CRRC Licensed Seller/OM ID 0674, 2012.